

## Sirindhorn International Institute of Technology Thammasat University at Rangsit

School of Information, Computer and Communication Technology

ECS 203: Problem Set 8

Semester/Year: 2/2014

Course Title: Basic Electrical Engineering

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Course Web Site: <a href="http://www2.siit.tu.ac.th/prapun/ecs203/">http://www2.siit.tu.ac.th/prapun/ecs203/</a>

Due date: March 27

## Questions

1) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q5.41] An averaging amplifier is a summing amplifier that provides an output equal to the average of the inputs. By using proper input and feedback resistor values, one can get

$$-v_o = \frac{1}{4} \left( v_1 + v_2 + v_3 + v_4 \right)$$

Using a feedback resistor of 10 k $\Omega$ , **design** an averaging amplifier with four inputs.

2) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q5.47] The circuit in Figure 1 is for a difference amplifier. Find  $v_0$  given that  $v_1 = 1V$  and  $v_2 = 2V$ 

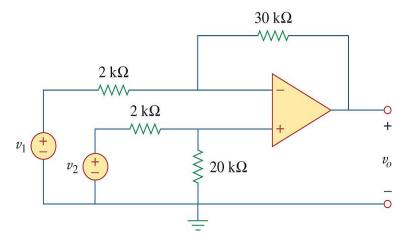


Figure 1

3) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q5.29] Determine the voltage gain  $v_o/v_i$  of the op amp circuit in Figure 2.

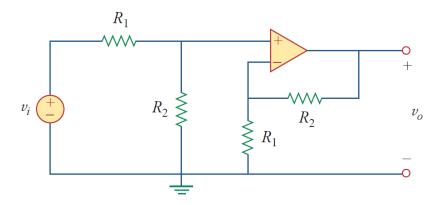


Figure 2

- 4) Use superposition theorem to derive the relation  $v_o = -Av_1 + \frac{1+A}{1+B}v_2$  for the difference amplifier on page 70 of the lecture note.
- 5) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q5.57] Find  $v_0$  in the op amp circuit of Figure 3.

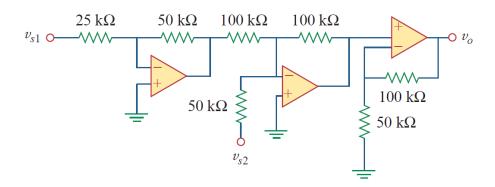


Figure 3

- 6) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q5.49] Design a circuit to amplify the difference between two inputs by 2.
  - a) Use only one op amp.
  - b) Use exactly two op amps.